

The Embedded I/O Company



THP815

ARCNET PC/104-Plus

Version 1.0

User Manual

Issue 1.0

December 2007

TEWS TECHNOLOGIES GmbH

Am Bahnhof 7
25469 Halstenbek, Germany
www.tews.com

Phone: +49-(0)4101-4058-0
Fax: +49-(0)4101-4058-19
e-mail: info@tews.com

TEWS TECHNOLOGIES LLC

9190 Double Diamond Parkway,
Suite 127, Reno, NV 89521, USA
www.tews.com

Phone: +1 (775) 850 5830
Fax: +1 (775) 201 0347
e-mail: usasales@tews.com

THP815-11

ARCNET Controller 2.5 Mbps, Traditional Hybrid Interface, BNC, DB9 and RJ11 Connectors

THP815-21

ARCNET Controller 5 Mbps, Isolated RS485 Interface, DB9 and RJ11 Connectors

This document contains information, which is proprietary to TEWS TECHNOLOGIES GmbH. Any reproduction without written permission is forbidden.

TEWS TECHNOLOGIES GmbH has made any effort to ensure that this manual is accurate and complete. However TEWS TECHNOLOGIES GmbH reserves the right to change the product described in this document at any time without notice.

TEWS TECHNOLOGIES GmbH is not liable for any damage arising out of the application or use of the device described herein.

Style Conventions

Hexadecimal characters are specified with prefix 0x, i.e. 0x029E (that means hexadecimal value 029E).

For signals on hardware products, an 'Active Low' is represented by the signal name with # following, i.e. IP_RESET#.

Access terms are described as:

| | |
|-----|------------|
| W | Write Only |
| R | Read Only |
| R/W | Read/Write |
| R/C | Read/Clear |
| R/S | Read/Set |

©2007 by TEWS TECHNOLOGIES GmbH

All trademarks mentioned are property of their respective owners.

| Issue | Description | Date |
|--------------|--------------------|---------------|
| 1.0 | Initial Issue | December 2007 |

Table of Contents

| | | |
|----------|---|-----------|
| 1 | PRODUCT DESCRIPTION | 6 |
| 2 | TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION | 7 |
| 3 | FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION | 8 |
| 4 | LOCAL SPACE ADDRESSING | 9 |
| | 4.1 PCI9030 Local Space Configuration | 9 |
| | 4.2 Local Register Space Address Map | 10 |
| | 4.2.1 COM20020 Registers..... | 10 |
| | 4.2.2 ID Switch Register..... | 11 |
| 5 | PCI9030 TARGET CHIP | 12 |
| | 5.1 PCI Configuration Registers (PCR) | 12 |
| | 5.1.1 PCI9030 PCI Header | 12 |
| | 5.1.2 PCI Base Address Initialization..... | 13 |
| | 5.2 Local Configuration Register (LCR) | 14 |
| | 5.3 Configuration EEPROM | 15 |
| | 5.4 Local Software Reset | 16 |
| 6 | PROGRAMMING NOTES | 17 |
| | 6.1 COM20020 Controller | 17 |
| | 6.1.1 Hardware Initialization..... | 17 |
| | 6.1.2 Clock Source | 17 |
| | 6.1.3 Programming..... | 17 |
| 7 | INSTALLATION NOTES | 18 |
| | 7.1 On board ID Switch | 18 |
| | 7.2 Jumper Configuration | 19 |
| | 7.2.1 PC/104-Plus Stack Position Jumper | 19 |
| | 7.2.2 I/O Jumper | 20 |
| | 7.3 Wiring Hints / Network Cabling | 22 |
| | 7.3.1 Coax..... | 22 |
| | 7.3.2 Twisted Pair and RS485 | 22 |
| 8 | PIN ASSIGNMENT – I/O CONNECTOR | 23 |
| | 8.1 Connector Overview | 23 |
| | 8.2 BNC Coax Connector (X4) | 23 |
| | 8.3 DB9 Connector (X1) | 24 |
| | 8.4 RJ-11 Connector (X2, X3) | 24 |
| | 8.5 Shielding Contact (X5) | 25 |

Table of Figures

| | |
|---|----|
| FIGURE 1-1 : BLOCK DIAGRAM THP815 | 6 |
| FIGURE 2-1 : TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION..... | 7 |
| FIGURE 4-1 : PCI9030 LOCAL SPACE CONFIGURATION | 9 |
| FIGURE 4-2 : LOCAL REGISTER SPACE | 10 |
| FIGURE 4-3 : ID SWITCH REGISTER | 11 |
| FIGURE 5-1 : PCI9030 PCI HEADER..... | 12 |
| FIGURE 5-2 : PCI9030 LOCAL CONFIGURATION REGISTER | 14 |
| FIGURE 5-3 : CONFIGURATION EEPROM THP815 | 15 |
| FIGURE 7-1 : ON BOARD ID DIP SWITCH S1 | 18 |
| FIGURE 7-2 : STACK POSITION JUMPER FUNCTION..... | 19 |
| FIGURE 7-3 : STACK POSITION | 19 |
| FIGURE 7-4 : STACK POSITION JUMPER LOCATION | 19 |
| FIGURE 7-5 : I/O JUMPER CONFIGURATION..... | 20 |
| FIGURE 7-6 : I/O JUMPER LOCATION THP815-11 | 20 |
| FIGURE 7-7 : I/O JUMPER LOCATION THP815-21 | 21 |
| FIGURE 8-1 : CONNECTOR OVERVIEW | 23 |
| FIGURE 8-2 : PIN ASSIGNMENT BNC COAX CONNECTOR..... | 23 |
| FIGURE 8-3 : PIN ASSIGNMENT DB9 CONNECTOR (X1)..... | 24 |
| FIGURE 8-4 : DB9 CONNECTOR (X1) PIN LOCATION | 24 |
| FIGURE 8-5 : PIN ASSIGNMENT RJ-11 CONNECTOR (X2, X3)..... | 24 |
| FIGURE 8-6 : RJ-11 CONNECTOR (X2, X3) PIN LOCATION | 25 |
| FIGURE 8-7 : SHIELDING CONTACT (X5)..... | 25 |

1 Product Description

The THP815 is a standard PC/104-Plus module with a 32 bit / 33 MHz PCI interface. It provides a complete ARCNET interface for up to 5 Mbps communication using the COM20020 ARCNET controller from SMSC. The THP815 is ideal suited for industrial / factory automation and automotive applications. Various network topologies are supported (Star, Tree, Bus).

According to the PC/104-Plus specification, the THP815 has the PC/104 ISA connector mounted opposite the PC/104-Plus PCI connector. No power, ground or signal is connected to it.

The following THP815 options are available:

The THP815-11 provides the traditional isolated hybrid interface available on a BNC connector, RJ11 connectors or a DB9 connector (selected by jumper). The maximum transfer rate is 2.5Mbps.

The THP815-21 provides an isolated RS485 differential driver interface available on either a DB9 connector or RJ11 connectors (selected by jumper). The maximum transfer rate is 5 Mbps.

For First Time Users the Engineering Documentation THP815-ED is recommended. The Engineering Documentation includes THP815-DOC, schematics and data sheets.

Driver software (TDRV007-SW-xx) is available for different operating systems.

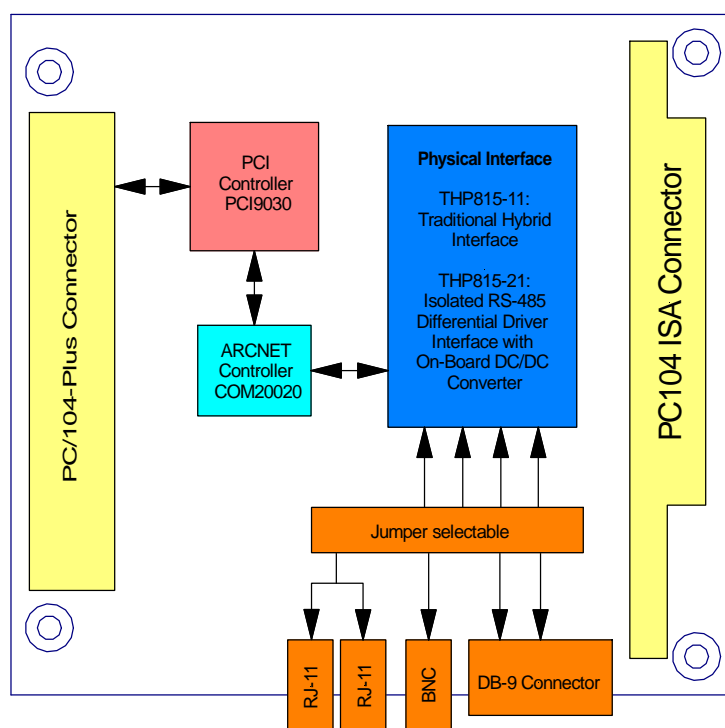


Figure 1-1 : Block Diagram THP815

2 Technical Specification

| Logic Interface | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Mechanical Interface | PC/104-Plus Interface | |
| Electrical Interface | PCI Rev. 2.1 compliant 33 MHz / 32 bit PCI 3.3V PCI Signaling Voltage. 5V PCI Signaling Voltage tolerant. | |
| On Board Devices | | |
| PCI Target Chip | PCI9030 (PLX Technology) | |
| Arcnet Controller | COM20020 (SMSC) | |
| I/O Interface | | |
| Physical Interface | THP815-11: Isolated Hybrid (Coax 90ohms or Twisted Pair) THP815-21: Isolated RS485 | |
| Transfer Rates | 5 Mbps (-21 only), 2.5 Mbps, 1.25 Mbps or 625 Kbps software selectable | |
| I/O Interface | THP815-11: DB9 male connector, RJ-11, BNC 90ohms THP815-21: DB9 male connector, RJ-11 | |
| Physical Data | | |
| Power Requirements | THP815-11 | +3.3V Not Used 600mA max. @ +5V 150mA max. @ -12V +12V Not Used |
| | THP815-21 | +3.3V Not Used 500mA max. @ +5V +12V, -12V Not Used |
| Temperature Range | THP815-11 | Operating : 0°C to +70°C Storage : -55°C to +150°C |
| | THP815-21 | Operating : -40°C to +85°C Storage : -55°C to +150°C |
| MTBF | THP815-11 | 383000 h |
| | THP815-21 | 342000 h |
| Weight | -11: 95g -21: 85g | |
| Humidity | 5 – 95 % non-condensing | |

Figure 2-1 : Technical Specification

3 Functional Description

The THP815 uses the COM20020 ARCNET Controller from SMSC.

The COM20020 registers are accessible in PCI Space using the local spaces of the PCI9030 PCI Target Chip.

The complete THP815 ARCNET interface is controlled by the COM20020 ARCNET Controller.

Please refer to the COM20020 data sheet for a detailed functional description.

The THP815 also provides an 8 x DIP-Switch. Software may use the dip-switch setting for programming the COM20020 Node-ID Register.

4 Local Space Addressing

4.1 PCI9030 Local Space Configuration

The local on board addressable regions are accessed from the PCI side by using the PCI9030 local spaces.

| PCI9030 Local Space | PCI9030 PCI Base Address (Offset in PCI Configuration Space) | PCI Space Mapping | Size (Byte) | Port Width (Bit) | Endian Mode | Description |
|---------------------|--|-------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| 0 | 2 (0x18) | IO | 16 | 8 | LIT | Local Register Space |
| 1 | 3 (0x1C) | MEM | 256 | 8 | LIT | Local Register Space |
| 2 | 4 (0x20) | - | - | - | - | Not Used |
| 3 | 5 (0x24) | - | - | - | - | Not Used |

Figure 4-1 : PCI9030 Local Space Configuration

4.2 Local Register Space Address Map

PCI Base Address =

PCI I/O Space Mapped:

PCI9030 PCI Base Address 2 (Offset 0x18 in PCI9030 PCI Configuration Space)

PCI MEM Space Mapped:

PCI9030 PCI Base Address 3 (Offset 0x1C in PCI9030 PCI Configuration Space)

| Offset to PCI Base Address | Register Name | Size (Bit) |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|
| COM20020 Registers | | |
| 0x00 | Status / Interrupt Mask | 8 |
| 0x01 | Diagnostic Status / Command | 8 |
| 0x02 | Address Pointer High | 8 |
| 0x03 | Address Pointer Low | 8 |
| 0x04 | Data | 8 |
| 0x05 | Sub Address | 8 |
| 0x06 | Configuration | 8 |
| 0x07 | Tentative ID | 8 |
| | Node ID | |
| | Setup 1 | |
| | Next ID / Test | |
| | Setup 2 | |
| Additional Registers | | |
| 0x08 | ID Switch | 8 |

Figure 4-2 : Local Register Space

4.2.1 COM20020 Registers

Please refer to the COM20020 data sheet for a detailed description of the COM20020 ARCNET Controller registers.

4.2.2 ID Switch Register

The ID Switch Register is an 8 bit read only register representing the actual setting of the on board 8 x DIP-Switch.

| Bit | Switch No. | Access | Bit Value |
|---------|------------|--------|---|
| 7 (MSB) | 8 | R | Switch Position ON = Bit value '0' Switch Position OFF = Bit value '1' |
| 6 | 7 | | |
| 5 | 6 | | |
| 4 | 5 | | |
| 3 | 4 | | |
| 2 | 3 | | |
| 1 | 2 | | |
| 0 (LSB) | 1 | | |

Figure 4-3 : ID Switch Register

Software may read the ID Switch Register to program the COM20020 Node-ID Register.

5 PCI9030 Target Chip

5.1 PCI Configuration Registers (PCR)

5.1.1 PCI9030 PCI Header

| PCI CFG Register Address | Write '0' to all unused (Reserved) bits | | | | | | | PCI writeable | Initial Values (Hex Values) | |
|--------------------------|---|-------------|----|---------------------|----------------|---------------|----------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| | 31 | 24 | 23 | 16 | 15 | 8 | 7 | | | 0 |
| 0x00 | Device ID | | | | Vendor ID | | | | N | 532F 1498 |
| 0x04 | Status | | | | Command | | | | Y | 0280 0000 |
| 0x08 | Class Code | | | | | Revision ID | | | N | 028000 00 |
| 0x0C | BIST | Header Type | | Latency Timer | Cacheline Size | | | Y[7:0] | 00 00 00 00 | |
| 0x10 | PCI Base Address 0 for MEM Mapped Config. Registers | | | | | | | Y | FFFFFFF80 | |
| 0x14 | PCI Base Address 1 for I/O Mapped Config. Registers | | | | | | | Y | FFFFFFF81 | |
| 0x18 | PCI Base Address 2 for Local Address Space 0 | | | | | | | Y | FFFFFFF1 | |
| 0x1C | PCI Base Address 3 for Local Address Space 1 | | | | | | | Y | FFFFFFF00 | |
| 0x20 | PCI Base Address 4 for Local Address Space 2 | | | | | | | Y | 00000000 | |
| 0x24 | PCI Base Address 5 for Local Address Space 3 | | | | | | | Y | 00000000 | |
| 0x28 | PCI CardBus Information Structure Pointer | | | | | | | N | 00000000 | |
| 0x2C | Subsystem ID | | | Subsystem Vendor ID | | | | N | s.b. 1498 | |
| 0x30 | PCI Base Address for Local Expansion ROM | | | | | | | Y | 00000000 | |
| 0x34 | Reserved | | | | | New Cap. Ptr. | | N | 000000 40 | |
| 0x38 | Reserved | | | | | | | N | 00000000 | |
| 0x3C | Max_Lat | Min_Gnt | | Interrupt Pin | Interrupt Line | | Y[7:0] | 00 00 01 00 | | |
| 0x40 | PM Cap. | | | PM Nxt. Cap. | PM Cap. ID | | | N | 4801 48 01 | |
| 0x44 | PM Data | PM CSR EXT | | PM CSR | | | Y | 00 00 0000 | | |
| 0x48 | Reserved | HS CSR | | HS Nxt. Cap. | HS Cap. ID | | Y[23:16] | 00 00 4C 06 | | |
| 0x4C | VPD Address | | | VPD Nxt. Cap. | VPD Cap. ID | | | Y[31:16] | 0000 00 03 | |
| 0x50 | VPD Data | | | | | | | Y | 00000000 | |

Figure 5-1 : PCI9030 PCI Header

Subsystem-ID: THP815-11: 0x500B
 THP815-21: 0x5015

5.1.2 PCI Base Address Initialization

PCI Base Address Initialization is scope of the PCI host software.

PCI9030 PCI Base Address Initialization:

1. Write 0xFFFF_FFFF to the PCI9030 PCI Base Address Register.
2. Read back the PCI9030 PCI Base Address Register.
3. For PCI Base Address Registers 0:5, check bit 0 for PCI Address Space:
 - Bit 0 = '0' requires PCI Memory Space mapping
 - Bit 0 = '1' requires PCI I/O Space mappingFor the PCI Expansion ROM Base Address Register, check bit 0 for usage:
 - Bit 0 = '0': Expansion ROM not used
 - Bit 0 = '1': Expansion ROM used
4. For PCI I/O Space mapping, starting at bit location 2, the first bit set determines the size of the required PCI I/O Space size.

For PCI Memory Space mapping, starting at bit location 4, the first bit set to '1' determines the size of the required PCI Memory Space size.

For PCI Expansion ROM mapping, starting at bit location 11, the first bit set to '1' determines the required PCI Expansion ROM size.

For example, if bit 5 of a PCI Base Address Register is detected as the first bit set to '1', the PCI 9030 is requesting a 32 byte space (address bits 4:0 are not part of base address decoding).
5. Determine the base address and write the base address to the PCI9030 PCI Base Address Register. For PCI Memory Space mapping the mapped address region must comply with the definition of bits 3:1 of the PCI9030 PCI Base Address Register.

After programming the PCI9030 PCI Base Address Registers, software must enable the PCI9030 for PCI I/O and/or PCI Memory Space access in the PCI9030 PCI Command Register (Offset 0x04):

To enable PCI I/O Space access to the PCI9030, set bit 0 to '1'.

To enable PCI Memory Space access to the PCI9030, set bit 1 to '1'.

5.2 Local Configuration Register (LCR)

After reset, the PCI9030 Local Configuration Registers are loaded from the on board serial configuration EEPROM.

The PCI base address for the PCI9030 Local Configuration Registers is:

PCI9030 PCI Base Address 0 (PCI Memory Space mapped) (Offset 0x10 in the PCI Configuration Register Space)

PCI9030 PCI Base Address 1 (PCI I/O Space mapped) (Offset 0x14 in the PCI Configuration Register Space)

Do not change hardware dependent bit settings in the PCI9030 Local Configuration Registers.

| Offset from PCI Base Address | Register | Value |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Local Address Space 0 Range | 0x0FFF_FFF1 |
| 0x04 | Local Address Space 1 Range | 0x0FFF_FF00 |
| 0x08 | Local Address Space 2 Range | 0x0000_0000 |
| 0x0C | Local Address Space 3 Range | 0x0000_0000 |
| 0x10 | Local Exp. ROM Range | 0x0000_0000 |
| 0x14 | Local Address Space 0 Remap | 0x0000_0001 |
| 0x18 | Local Address Space 1 Remap | 0x0000_0001 |
| 0x1C | Local Address Space 2 Remap | 0x0000_0000 |
| 0x20 | Local Address Space 3 Remap | 0x0000_0000 |
| 0x24 | Local Exp. ROM Remap | 0x0000_0000 |
| 0x28 | Local Address Space 0 Descriptor | 0x5401_E0E0 |
| 0x2C | Local Address Space 1 Descriptor | 0x5401_E0E0 |
| 0x30 | Local Address Space 2 Descriptor | 0x0000_0000 |
| 0x34 | Local Address Space 3 Descriptor | 0x0000_0000 |
| 0x38 | Local Exp. ROM Descriptor | 0x0000_0000 |
| 0x3C | Chip Select 0 Base Address | 0x0000_0004 |
| 0x40 | Chip Select 1 Base Address | 0x0000_000C |
| 0x44 | Chip Select 2 Base Address | 0x0000_0000 |
| 0x48 | Chip Select 3 Base Address | 0x0000_0000 |
| 0x4C | Interrupt Control/Status | 0x0041 |
| 0x4E | EEPROM Write Protect Boundary | 0x0030 |
| 0x50 | Miscellaneous Control Register | 0x0078_0000 |
| 0x54 | General Purpose I/O Control | 0x0224_9249 |
| 0x70 | Hidden1 Power Management | 0x0000_0000 |
| 0x74 | Hidden 2 Power Management | 0x0000_0000 |

Figure 5-2 : PCI9030 Local Configuration Register

5.3 Configuration EEPROM

After power-on or PCI reset the PCI 9030 loads initial configuration register data from the on board configuration EEPROM.

The configuration EEPROM contains the following configuration data:

- Address 0x00 to 0x27 : PCI9030 PCI Configuration Register Values
- Address 0x28 to 0x87 : PCI9030 Local Configuration Register Values
- Address 0x88 to 0xFF : Reserved

See the PCI9030 Manual for more information.

| Address | Offset | | | | | | | |
|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | 0x00 | 0x02 | 0x04 | 0x06 | 0x08 | 0x0A | 0x0C | 0x0E |
| 0x00 | 0x532F | 0x1498 | 0x0280 | 0x0000 | 0x0280 | 0x0000 | s.b. | 0x1498 |
| 0x10 | 0x0000 | 0x0040 | 0x0000 | 0x0100 | 0x4801 | 0x4801 | 0x0000 | 0x0000 |
| 0x20 | 0x0000 | 0x4C06 | 0x0000 | 0x0003 | 0x0FFF | 0xFFF1 | 0x0FFF | 0xFF00 |
| 0x30 | 0x0000 | 0x0000 | 0x0000 | 0x0000 | 0x0000 | 0x0000 | 0x0000 | 0x0001 |
| 0x40 | 0x0000 | 0x0001 | 0x0000 | 0x0000 | 0x0000 | 0x0000 | 0x0000 | 0x0000 |
| 0x50 | 0x5401 | 0xE0E0 | 0x5401 | 0xE0E0 | 0x0000 | 0x0000 | 0x0000 | 0x0000 |
| 0x60 | 0x0000 | 0x0000 | 0x0000 | 0x0004 | 0x0000 | 0x000C | 0x0000 | 0x0000 |
| 0x70 | 0x0000 | 0x0000 | 0x0030 | 0x0041 | 0x0078 | 0x0000 | 0x0224 | 0x9249 |
| 0x80 | 0x0000 | 0x0000 | 0x0000 | 0x0000 | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF |
| 0x90 | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF |
| 0xA0 | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF |
| 0xB0 | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF |
| 0xC0 | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF |
| 0xD0 | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF |
| 0xE0 | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF |
| 0xF0 | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF | 0xFFFF |

Figure 5-3 : Configuration EEPROM THP815

Subsystem-ID Value (EEPROM Offset 0x0C): THP815-11: 0x000B
 THP815-21: 0x0015

5.4 Local Software Reset

The PCI9030 Local Reset Output LRESETo# is used to reset the on board local logic.

The PCI9030 local reset is active during PCI reset or if the PCI Adapter Software Reset bit is set in the PCI9030 local configuration register CNTRL (offset 0x50).

CNTRL[30] PCI Adapter Software Reset:

Value of 1 resets the PCI9030 and issues a reset to the Local Bus (LRESETo# asserted). The PCI 9030 remains in this reset condition until the PCI Host clears this bit. The contents of the PCI9030 PCI and Local Configuration Registers and the PCI9030 PCI Interface are not reset.

6 Programming Notes

6.1 COM20020 Controller

6.1.1 Hardware Initialization

The COM20020 ARCNET Controller, which is used on the THP815, is able to work with different CPU bus structures. The COM20020 device detects the used bus structure by monitoring the first bus cycles addressing the COM20020.

To initialize the COM20020 ARCNET Controller the software must perform the following COM20020 accesses immediately after a system reset:

- 1. Write 0x55 to the Command Register at byte offset 0x01.**
- 2. Read the Diagnostic Status Register at byte offset 0x01.**

If the COM20020 is not initialized with the sequence listed above after a reset, the THP815 will not operate properly.

6.1.2 Clock Source

On the THP815 the COM20020 ARCNET Controller is sourced with a 40 MHz clock.

6.1.3 Programming

When using the THP815-11 the “Backplane Mode” (Bit 7 of the COM20020 Setup 1 Register) must be disabled.

The THP815-21 should always be used in “Backplane Mode”. This is done by setting Bit 2 of the COM20020 Configuration Register to “1”, and setting Bit 7 of the COM20020 Setup 1 Register to “0”.

For programming the COM20020 ARCNET Controller please refer to the COM20020 data sheet.

7 Installation Notes

7.1 On board ID Switch

The THP815 provides an on board 8 x DIP-Switch (S1). The Switch setting can be read by software at initialization time where the value may be used to program the node ID of the COM20020 ARCNET Controller.

A switch in position OFF represents a logical '1'. A switch in position ON represents a logical '0'.

Switch 1 of the DIP-Switch is read as the least significant bit (LSB), and switch 8 of the DIP-Switch is read as the most significant bit (MSB).

By default (Factory configuration), all Switches are set in OFF position (representing the byte value 0xFF).

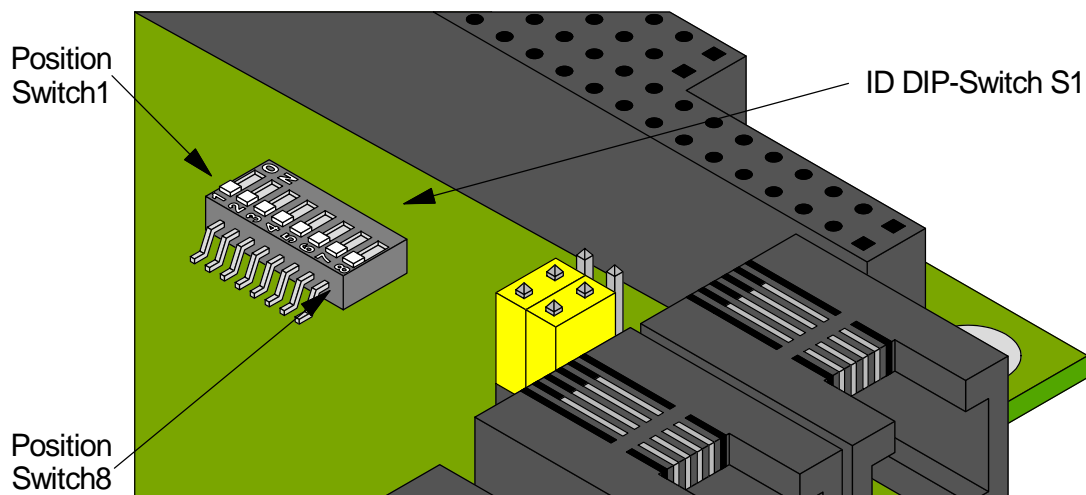


Figure 7-1 : On Board ID DIP Switch S1

7.2 Jumper Configuration

7.2.1 PC/104-Plus Stack Position Jumper

The Jumper J10 and J11 are used to set the Stack-Position of the THP815. Stack Position 1 is directly mounted on the CPU, Position 2 is mounted on top of Position 1, and so on.

| J10 | J11 | Stack Position |
|-------|-------|----------------|
| Open | Open | 1 |
| Close | Open | 2 |
| Open | Close | 3 |
| Close | Close | 4 |

Figure 7-2 : Stack Position Jumper Function

The following table is for cross reference, if you want to check the jumper setting of the THP815 against its Stack position.

| Stack Position | J10 | J11 |
|----------------|-------|-------|
| 1 | Open | Open |
| 2 | Close | Open |
| 3 | Open | Close |
| 4 | Close | Close |

Figure 7-3 : Stack Position

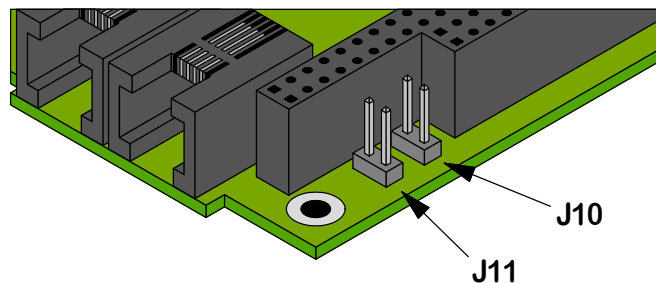


Figure 7-4 : Stack Position Jumper Location

7.2.2 I/O Jumper

The THP815-11 is configured by the jumpers J4, J8 and J9:

J4 sets the termination mode for the hybrid interface.

J8 selects the desired network media: coax or twisted pair.

If J8 is set to twisted Pair, then J9 selects if the RJ-11 or DB9 connector is used.

If J8 is set to Coax, then J9 has no function.

The THP815-21 is configured by the jumpers J5, J6 and J7:

J5 and J6 set the on board RS485 line termination mode.

J7 selects if the RJ-11 or DB9 connector is used.

See Table and figures below for more details:

| Jumper | Function | Installation | Option |
|------------------|--|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| THP815-11 | | | |
| J4 | Hybrid Termination Mode | Closed | Termination ON (93ohms) |
| | | Open | Termination OFF |
| J8 | Media Selection | 1-3, 2-4 | Coax Cable (BNC) |
| | | 3-5, 4-6 | Twisted Pair Cable (DB9 or RJ-11) |
| J9 | Connector Selection (J8 set to Twisted Pair) | 3-5, 4-6 | DB9 Connector |
| | | 1-3, 2-4 | RJ-11 Connector |
| THP815-21 | | | |
| J5, J6 | RS485 Termination Mode | Both Closed | RS485 Line Termination ON |
| | | Both Open | RS485 Line Termination OFF |
| J7 | Connector Selection (Twisted Pair) | 3-5, 4-6 | DB9 Connector |
| | | 1-3, 2-4 | RJ-11 Connector |

Figure 7-5 : I/O Jumper Configuration

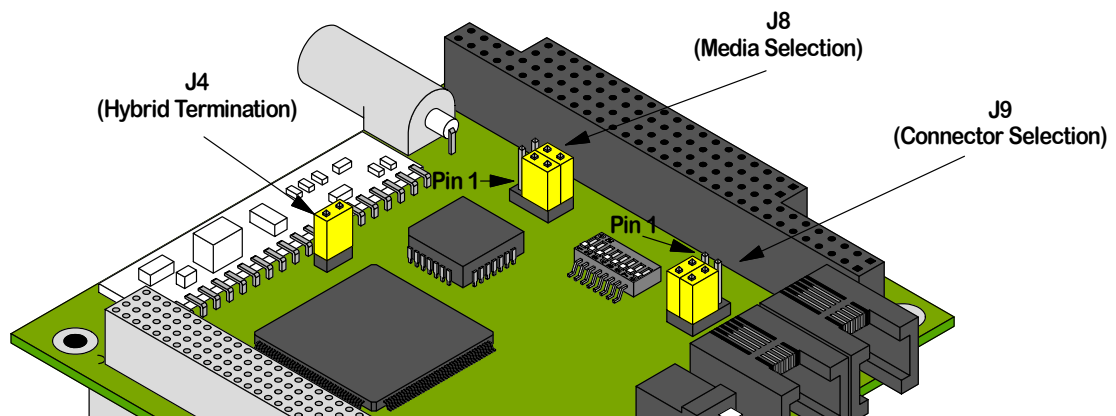


Figure 7-6 : I/O Jumper Location THP815-11

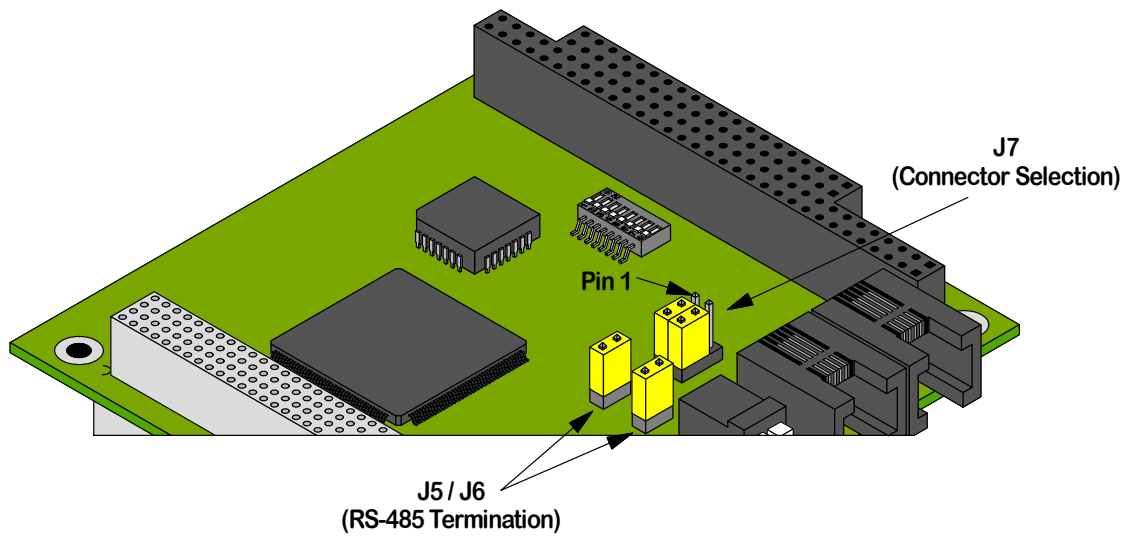


Figure 7-7 : I/O Jumper Location THP815-21

7.3 Wiring Hints / Network Cabling

7.3.1 Coax

RG62 is the most popular ARCNET cable. Other cable types may be used, but RG62 offers the best electrical characteristics as well as a low cost. It is first choice for even difficult, electrically noisy environments. It is also simple to install and terminate.

7.3.2 Twisted Pair and RS485

For a Hybrid Twisted Pair or RS485 network a twisted pair cable with an impedance of 100ohms @1MHz should be used. It can be AWG 22, 24, 26.

All network signal lines must be terminated at both extremes of the cabling network with a resistor connected between Phase A and Phase B for Hybrid Twisted Pair, or between Signal + and Signal – for RS485. The resistor value should be equal to the impedance of the cable.

RS485 Notes (THP815-21 only):

The THP815-21 provides on board RS485 line termination which can be enabled or disabled by jumpers.

The on board RS485 line termination is:

120R between the isolated RS484 Signals, 1K5 between isolated RS485 Signal+ and isolated RS485 supply (+5V), 1K5 between isolated RS485 Signal- and isolated RS485 GND.

If the bus is build with THP815 modules only, the two THP815 modules at the bus ends must have the termination jumpers enabled, while the other THP815 modules must have the termination jumpers disabled.

If a THP815 module is used together with other modules that provide fixed on board bias termination, the THP815 termination jumpers should be disabled. In this case, if a THP815 module should be placed at a bus end, use external bus termination.

8 Pin Assignment – I/O Connector

8.1 Connector Overview

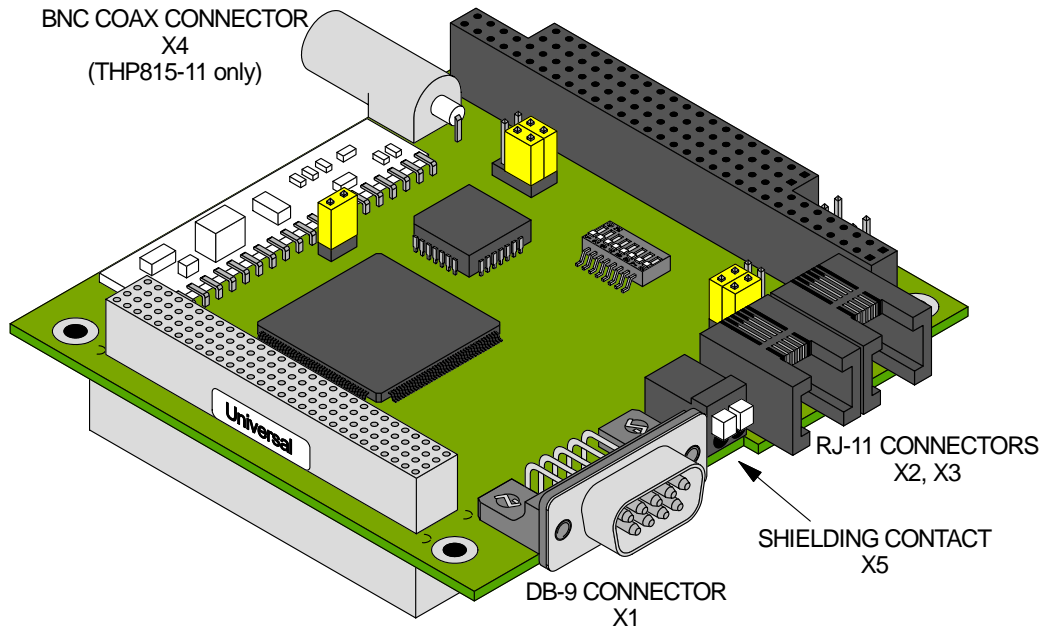


Figure 8-1 : Connector Overview

8.2 BNC Coax Connector (X4)

| Pin | Signal | Comment |
|--------|---------|----------------|
| Center | Phase A | THP815-11 Only |
| Shield | Phase B | THP815-11 Only |

Figure 8-2 : Pin Assignment BNC Coax Connector

8.3 DB9 Connector (X1)

| Pin | Signal | Comment |
|-----|-------------------------|----------------|
| 1 | Isolated RS485 Signal 2 | THP815-21 Only |
| 2 | Isolated RS485 Signal 1 | THP815-21 Only |
| 3 | N.C. | - |
| 4 | Twisted Pair Phase B | THP815-11 Only |
| 5 | Twisted Pair Phase A | THP815-11 Only |
| 6 | Isolated GND | - |
| 7 | Isolated GND | - |
| 8 | N.C. | - |
| 9 | Isolated GND | - |

Figure 8-3 : Pin Assignment DB9 Connector (X1)

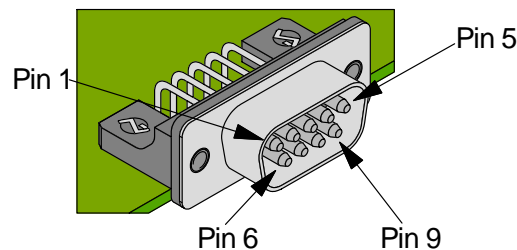


Figure 8-4 : DB9 Connector (X1) Pin Location

8.4 RJ-11 Connector (X2, X3)

| Pin | Signal (-11) | Signal (-21) |
|-----|---------------|----------------------|
| 1 | Not populated | Not populated |
| 2 | Not connected | Isolated GND |
| 3 | Phase A | Twisted Pair Phase A |
| 4 | Phase B | Twisted Pair Phase B |
| 5 | Not connected | Isolated GND |
| 6 | Not populated | Not populated |

Figure 8-5 : Pin Assignment RJ-11 Connector (X2, X3)

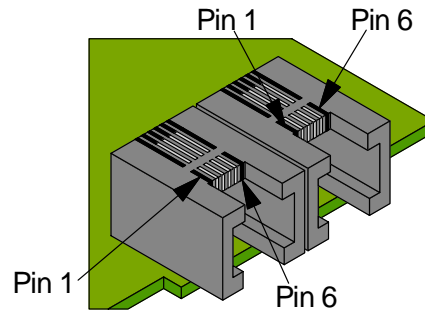


Figure 8-6 : RJ-11 Connector (X2, X3) Pin Location

8.5 Shielding Contact (X5)

The THP815 provides a Shielding contact (X5) to connect Chassis Ground to the ESD-Protection Circuit of the PC/104-Plus module.

Two wires with 1.5mm^2 (16 AWG) each can be connected to the Shielding Contact.

The white push-button can be used to release the cable or to open the clamp while inserting small cables.

The recommended Stripping length is 8 to 9 mm.

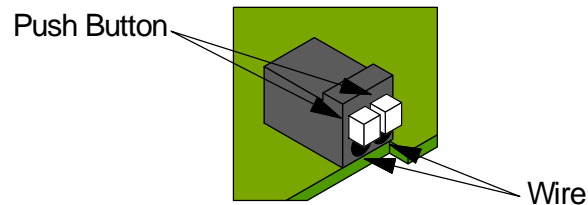


Figure 8-7 : Shielding Contact (X5)