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# TDRV010-SW-65

## Windows 2000/XP Device Driver

Isolated 2x CAN Bus

Version 1.0.x

## User Manual

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## TDRV010-SW-65

Windows 2000/XP Device Driver

Isolated 2x CAN Bus

Supported Modules:

TPMC310  
TPMC810

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# 1 Introduction

The TDRV010-SW-65 Windows WDM (Windows Driver Model) device driver is a kernel mode driver which allows the operation of the supported modules on an Intel or Intel-compatible x86 Windows 2000 or Windows XP operating system.

The standard file and device (I/O) functions (CreateFile, CloseHandle, and DeviceIoControl) provide the basic interface for opening and closing a resource handle and for performing device I/O control operations.

The TDRV010-SW-65 device driver supports the following features:

- Reading received messages from input FIFO
- Send a message
- Set channel Bus On/Off
- Configure Listen-Only mode On/Off
- Configure Selftest mode On/Off
- Extended and Standard Identifiers
- Configure Bitrate
- Configure Receive Mask
- Flush receive FIFO
- Read CAN status
- PLD Functions (external CAN Controller Reset, Silent Mode and Interrupt Control)(TPMC310 only)

The TDRV010-SW-65 device driver supports the modules listed below:

TPMC310	Isolated 2x CAN Bus (Conduction Cooled) (64 pin connector for Back-IO)	(PMC)
TPMC810	Isolated 2x CAN Bus (2x SUBD 9 pin connectors for Front-Panel I/O) (64 pin connector for Back-I/O)	(PMC)

**In this document all supported modules and devices will be called TDRV010. Specials for certain devices will be advised.**

To get more information about the features and use of TDRV010 devices it is recommended to read the manuals listed below.

- TPMC310/TPMC810 User manual
- TPMC310/TPMC810 Engineering Manual

## **2 Installation**

Following files are located in directory TDRV010-SW-65 on the distribution media:

tdrv010.sys	Windows driver binary
tdrv010.h	Header-file with IOCTL code definitions
tdrv010.inf	Windows installation script
TDRV010-SW-65-1.0.4.pdf	This document in PDF-Format
\example\tdrv010exa.c	Microsoft Visual C example application
ChangeLog.txt	Release history
Release.txt	Release information

### **2.1 Software Installation**

#### **2.1.1 Windows 2000 / XP**

This section describes how to install the TDRV010 Device Driver on a Windows 2000 / XP operating system.

After installing the TDRV010 card(s) and boot-up your system, Windows 2000 / XP setup will show a "**New hardware found**" dialog box.

1. The "**Upgrade Device Driver Wizard**" dialog box will appear on your screen.  
Click "**Next**" button to continue.
2. In the following dialog box, choose "**Search for a suitable driver for my device**".  
Click "**Next**" button to continue.
3. In Drive A, insert the TDRV010 driver disk; select "**Disk Drive**" in the dialog box.  
Click "**Next**" button to continue.
4. Now the driver wizard should find a suitable device driver on the diskette.  
Click "**Next**" button to continue.
5. Complete the upgrade device driver and click "**Finish**" to take all the changes effect.
6. Now copy all needed files (tdrv010.h, TDRV010-SW-65-x.x.x.pdf) to the desired target directories.

After successful installation the TDRV010 device driver will start immediately and creates devices (TDRV010\_1, TDRV010\_2 ...) for all recognized TDRV010 modules.

#### **2.1.2 Confirming Windows 2000 / XP Installation**

To confirm that the driver has been properly loaded in Windows 2000 / XP, perform the following steps:

1. From Windows 2000 / XP, open the "**Control Panel**" from "**My Computer**".
2. Click the "**System**" icon and choose the "**Hardware**" tab, and then click the "**Device Manager**" button.
3. Click the "+" in front of "**Other Devices**".  
The driver "**TEWS TECHNOLOGIES TDRV010 Extended CAN (module name)**" should appear.

---

# **3 Driver Configuration**

## **3.1 Message FIFO Configuration**

After Installation of the TDRV010 Device Driver the number of sequential CAN Messages is limited to 100 without the need to read from the certain device.

If the default values are not suitable the configuration can be changed by modifying the registry, for instance with regedit32.

To change the number of queue entries the following value must be modified.

*HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\tdrv010\FIFODepth*

Valid values are in range between 1..1024

# 4 TDRV010 Device Driver Programming

The TDRV010-SW-65 Windows WDM device driver is a kernel mode device driver.

The standard file and device (I/O) functions (CreateFile, CloseHandle, and DeviceIoControl) provide the basic interface for opening and closing a resource handle and for performing device I/O control operations.

All of these standard Win32 functions are described in detail in the Windows Platform SDK Documentation (Windows base services / Hardware / Device Input and Output).

For details refer to the Win32 Programmers Reference of your used programming tools (C++, Visual Basic etc.)

## 4.1 TDRV010 Files and I/O Functions

The following section does not contain a full description of the Win32 functions for interaction with the TDRV010 device driver. Only the required parameters are described in detail.

### 4.1.1 Opening a TDRV010 Device

Before you can perform any I/O the *TDRV010* device must be opened by invoking the **CreateFile** function. **CreateFile** returns a handle that can be used to access the *TDRV010* device.

```
HANDLE CreateFile(  
    LPCTSTR  lpFileName,  
    DWORD    dwDesiredAccess,  
    DWORD    dwShareMode,  
    LPSECURITY_ATTRIBUTES lpSecurityAttributes,  
    DWORD    dwCreationDistribution,  
    DWORD    dwFlagsAndAttributes,  
    HANDLE   hTemplateFile  
)
```

#### Parameters

*LPCTSTR lpFileName*

This parameter points to a null-terminated string, which specifies the name of the TDRV010 to open. The *lpFileName* string should be of the form `\.\TDRV010_x` to open the device x. The ending x is a one-based number. The first device found by the driver is `\.\TDRV010_1`, the second `\.\TDRV010_2` and so on.

*DWORD dwDesiredAccess*

This parameter specifies the type of access to the TDRV010.

For the TDRV010 this parameter must be set to read-write access (GENERIC\_READ | GENERIC\_WRITE)

*DWORD dwShareMode*

Set of bit flags that specify how the object can be shared. Set to 0.

*LPSECURITY\_ATTRIBUTES*  
*lpSecurityAttributes*

This argument is a pointer to a security structure. Set to NULL for TDRV010 devices.

*DWORD dwCreationDistribution*

Specifies the action to take on existing files, and which action to take when files do not exist. TDRV010 devices must be always opened **OPEN\_EXISTING**.

*DWORD dwFlagsAndAttributes*

Specifies the file attributes and flags for the file. This value must be set to FILE\_FLAG\_OVERLAPPED for TDRV010 devices.

*HANDLE hTemplateFile*

This value must be NULL for TDRV010 devices.

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is an open handle to the specified TDRV010 device. If the function fails, the return value is INVALID\_HANDLE\_VALUE. To get extended error information, call **GetLastError**.

## Example

```
HANDLE hDevice;

hDevice = CreateFile(
    "\\\\.\\TDRV010_1",
    GENERIC_READ | GENERIC_WRITE,
    0,
    NULL,           // no security attrs
    OPEN_EXISTING,   // TDRV010 device always open existing
    FILE_FLAG_OVERLAPPED, // overlapped I/O
    NULL
);

if (hDevice == INVALID_HANDLE_VALUE) {
    ErrorHandler("Could not open device" );
} // process error
```

## See Also

[CloseHandle\(\)](#), Win32 documentation [CreateFile\(\)](#)

## 4.1.2 Closing a TDRV010 Device

The **CloseHandle** function closes an open TDRV010 handle.

```
BOOL CloseHandle(  
    HANDLE hDevice;  
)
```

### Parameters

*HANDLE hDevice*

Identifies an open TDRV010 handle.

### Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is nonzero.

If the function fails, the return value is zero. To get extended error information, call **GetLastError**.

### Example

```
HANDLE hDevice;  
  
if( !CloseHandle( hDevice ) ) {  
    ErrorHandler("Could not close device" ); // process error  
}
```

### See Also

CreateFile (), Win32 documentation CloseHandle ()

### 4.1.3 TDRV010 Device I/O Control Functions

The **DeviceIoControl** function sends a control code directly to a specified device driver, causing the corresponding device to perform the specified operation.

```
BOOL DeviceIoControl(
    HANDLE      hDevice,           // handle to device of interest
    DWORD       dwIoControlCode,   // control code of operation to perform
    LPVOID      lpInBuffer,        // pointer to buffer to supply input data
    DWORD       nInBufferSize,     // size of input buffer
    LPVOID      lpOutBuffer,       // pointer to buffer to receive output data
    DWORD       nOutBufferSize,    // size of output buffer
    LPDWORD     lpBytesReturned,   // pointer to variable to receive output byte count
    LPOVERLAPPED lpOverlapped     // pointer to overlapped structure for asynchronous
                                // operation
)
```

#### Parameters

*hDevice*

Handle to the TDRV010 that is to perform the operation.

*dwIoControlCode*

Specifies the control code for the operation. This value identifies the specific operation to be performed. The following values are defined in *drv010.h*:

Value	Meaning
IOCTL_TDRV010_READ	Read CAN message from FIFO
IOCTL_TDRV010_WRITE	Send CAN-Message
IOCTL_TDRV010_BITTIMING	Setup Bit-timing
IOCTL_TDRV010_SETFILTER	Setup Acceptance Filter
IOCTL_TDRV010_BUSON	Enter Bus ON mode
IOCTL_TDRV010_BUSOFF	Enter Bus OFF mode
IOCTL_TDRV010_FLUSH	Flush Receive FIFO
IOCTL_TDRV010_CANSTATUS	Read CAN status from Controller
IOCTL_TDRV010_ENABLE_SELFTEST	Enable Selftest Mode
IOCTL_TDRV010_DISABLE_SELFTEST	Disable Selftest Mode
IOCTL_TDRV010_ENABLE_LISTENONLY	Enable Listen Only Mode
IOCTL_TDRV010_DISABLE_LISTENONLY	Disable Listen Only Mode
IOCTL_TDRV010_SETLIMIT	Set Warning Limit
IOCTL_TDRV010_CAN_RESET	Setup CAN Controller reset/operating mode
IOCTL_TDRV010_CAN_SEL	Setup CAN Controller silent/operating mode
IOCTL_TDRV010_CAN_INT	Enable/disable CAN Controller interrupts

See below for more detailed information on each control code.

To use these TDRV010 specific control codes the header file tdrv010.h must be included in the application

*lpInBuffer*

Pointer to a buffer that contains the data required to perform the operation.

*nInBufferSize*

Specifies the size of the buffer pointed to by *lpInBuffer*.

*lpOutBuffer*

Pointer to a buffer that receives the operation's output data.

*nOutBufferSize*

Specifies the size of the buffer in bytes pointed to by *lpOutBuffer*.

*lpBytesReturned*

Pointer to a variable that receives the size, in bytes, of the data stored into the buffer pointed to by *lpOutBuffer*. A valid pointer is required.

*lpOverlapped*

Pointer to an *overlapped* structure. Refer to the Ioctl specific manual section how this parameter must be set.

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is nonzero.

If the function fails, the return value is zero. To get extended error information, call **GetLastError**.

## See Also

Win32 documentation DeviceIoControl()

#### 4.1.3.1 IOCTL\_TDRV010\_READ

This control function reads a CAN message from the receive FIFO and returns it in an application supplied buffer (*TDRV010\_MSG\_BUF*). The parameters *lpInBuffer* and *lpOutBuffer* pass pointers to the buffer to the device driver.

```
typedef struct
{
    UCHAR      channel;
    BOOLEAN    noWait;
    ULONG      Identifier;
    UCHAR      IOFlags;
    UCHAR      MsgLen;
    UCHAR      Data[8];
    ULONG      Timeout;
    UCHAR      Status;
} TDRV010_MSG_BUF, *PTDRV010_MSG_BUF;
```

*channel*

This parameter specifies the channel to use. Allowed values are 1 for channel 1 and 2 for channel 2.

*noWait*

This parameter specifies if the function shall wait for a message reception if no message is stored in the receive FIFO. If this flag is set, the function will return immediately.

*Identifier*

Obtains the message identifier of the read CAN message.

*IOFlags*

Obtains CAN message attributes as a set of bit flags. The following attribute flags are possible:

<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
TDRV010_EXTENDED	Set if the received message is an extended message frame. Reset for standard message frames.
TDRV010_REMOTE_FRAME	Set if the received message is a remote transmission request (RTR) frame.

*MsgLen*

Obtains the number of message data bytes (0...8).

*Data[8]*

This buffer receives up to 8 data bytes. Data[0] receives message Data 0, Data[1] receives message Data 1 and so on.

### *Timeout*

Specifies the amount of time (in seconds) the caller is willing to wait for execution of read request. This parameter is not used if the *noWait* option is enabled.

### *Status*

Obtains status information about overrun conditions, either in the CAN controller or intermediate software FIFO.

#### **Value**

TDRV010_SUCCESS	No messages lost
TDRV010_FIFO_OVERRUN	One or more messages was overwritten in the receive queue FIFO. This problem occurs if the FIFO is too small for the application read interval.
TDRV010_MSGOBJ_OVERRUN	One or more messages were overwritten in the CAN controller message FIFO because the interrupt latency is too large. Reduce the CAN bit rate or upgrade the system speed.

#### **Description**

## **Example**

```
#include "tdrv010.h"

HANDLE          hDevice;
BOOLEAN         success;
ULONG           NumWritten;
TDRV010_MSG_BUF msgBuf;

// 
// Read message from FIFO (channel 1)
//
msgBuf.channel = 1;
msgBuf.noWait = FALSE;
success = DeviceIoControl (
    hDevice,                                // TDRV010 handle
    IOCTL_TDRV010_READ,                      // contains the input data
    &msgBuf,                                 // size of message buffer
    sizeof(msgBuf),                          // contains the received message
    &msgBuf,                                 // size of message buffer
    sizeof(msgBuf),                          // unused but required
    &NumWritten,                            // no overlapped I/O
    NULL
);

...

```

```

if( success ) {
    printf("\nRead Message successful completed!\n");
    printf("%s %s Id = %ld (0x%lx)\n",
           (msgBuf.IOFlags & TDRV010_EXTENDED) ? "Extended" : "Standard",
           (msgBuf.IOFlags & TDRV010_REMOTE_FRAME) ?
               "Remote Frame Message - " : "Message - ",
           msgBuf.Identifier, msgBuf.Identifier);
    printf("%d data bytes received\n", msgBuf.MsgLen);
    for( i = 0; i < msgBuf.MsgLen; i++ )
    {
        printf("%02X ", msgBuf.Data[i]);
    }
    printf("\nMessage status field = %d\n", msgBuf.Status );
}
else
{
    ErrorHandler("Device I/O control error");           // process error
}

```

## Error Codes

**ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER**

This error will be returned if the size of the read/write buffer is too small or the gain parameter is invalid.

**ERROR\_FILE\_NOT\_FOUND**

Illegal channel number specified.

**ERROR\_FILE\_OFFLINE**

The channel must be in BUS ON state to receive messages.

**ERROR\_MR\_MID\_NOT\_FOUND**

There is no message in the FIFO buffer.

**ERROR\_NETWORK\_BUSY**

There is already another job waiting for message reception on this channel.

**ERROR\_OPERATION\_ABORTED**

The job has been canceled by Windows.

**ERROR\_SEM\_TIMEOUT**

The specified timeout time has expired without receiving a message.

#### 4.1.3.2 IOCTL\_TDRV010\_WRITE

This TDRV010 control function starts the transmission of a CAN message specified in an application supplied buffer (*TDRV010\_MSG\_BUF*). The parameter *lpInBuffer* passes a pointer to the buffer to the device driver. The parameter *lpOutBuffer* is not used.

```
typedef struct
{
    UCHAR     channel;
    BOOLEAN   noWait;
    ULONG     Identifier;
    UCHAR     IOFlags;
    UCHAR     MsgLen;
    UCHAR     Data[8];
    ULONG     Timeout;
    UCHAR     Status;
} TDRV010_MSG_BUF, *PTDRV010_MSG_BUF;
```

*channel*

This parameter specifies the channel to use. Allowed values are 1 for channel 1 and 2 for channel 2.

*noWait*

This parameter specifies if the function shall wait for a message transmission acknowledge or not. If this flag is set, the function will return immediately.

*Identifier*

Specifies the message identifier of the CAN message.

*IOFlags*

Specifies CAN message attributes as a set of bit flags. The following attribute flags are possible:

<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
TDRV010_EXTENDED	Set if the transmit message is an extended message frame. Reset for standard message frames.
TDRV010_REMOTE_FRAME	Set if the transmit message is a remote transmission request (RTR) frame.

*MsgLen*

Specifies the number of message data bytes (0...8).

*Data[8]*

This buffer contains up to 8 data bytes. Data[0] will be transmitted as Data 0, Data[1] will be transmitted as Data 1 and so on.

**Timeout**

Specifies the amount of time (in seconds) the caller is willing to wait for execution of the transmit request. If the *noWait* option is enabled this parameter specifies the time (in seconds) the driver will try to transmit this message.

**Status**

Parameter unused for this function.

**Example**

```
#include "tdrv010.h"

HANDLE          hDevice;
BOOLEAN         success;
ULONG           NumWritten;
TDRV010_MSG_BUF msgBuf;

// 
// Transmit message (channel 1)
//
msgBuf.channel    = 1;
msgBuf.noWait     = FALSE;
msgBuf.Identifier = 1234;
msgBuf.Timeout    = 600;
msgBuf.IOFlags    = TDRV010_EXTENDED | TDRV010_SINGLE_SHOT;
msgBuf.MsgLen     = 2;
msgBuf.Data[0]     = 0xaa;
msgBuf.Data[1]     = 0x55;

success = DeviceIoControl (
    hDevice,                               // TDRV010 handle
    IOCTL_TDRV010_WRITE,                   // contains the input data
    &msgBuf,                             // size of message buffer
    sizeof(msgBuf),
    NULL,
    0,
    &NumWritten,                         // unused but required
    NULL                                 // no overlapped I/O
);

...

```

```
...  
  
if( success ) {  
    printf("\nWrite Message successful completed!\n");  
}  
else {  
    ErrorHandler("Device I/O control error");           // process error  
}
```

## Error Codes

ERROR_INVALID_PARAMETER	This error will be returned if the size of the write buffer is too small.
ERROR_FILE_NOT_FOUND	Illegal channel number specified.
ERROR_FILE_OFFLINE	The channel must be in BUS ON state to transmit messages.
ERROR_NETWORK_BUSY	There is already another job waiting for message transmission on this channel.
ERROR_OPERATION_ABORTED	The job has been canceled by Windows.
ERROR_SEM_TIMEOUT	The specified timeout time has expired without successful transmission of the message.
ERROR_IO_DEVICE	An error occurred while starting the transmission.

#### 4.1.3.3 IOCTL\_TDRV010\_BITTIMING

This TDRV010 control function modifies the bit timing registers for the specified channel. The new timing parameters are specified in an application supplied buffer (*TDRV010\_TIMING*). The parameter *lpInBuffer* passes a pointer to the buffer to the device driver. The parameter *lpOutBuffer* is not used.

```
typedef struct
{
    UCHAR     channel;
    USHORT    TimingValue;
    BOOLEAN   ThreeSamples;
} TDRV010_TIMING, *PTDRV010_TIMING;
```

*channel*

This parameter specifies the channel to use. Allowed values are 1 for channel 1 and 2 for channel 2.

*TimingValue*

This parameter holds the new value for the bit timing register 0 (bit 0...7) and for the bit timing register 1 (bit 8...15). Possible transfer rates are between 5 Kbit per second and 1 Mbit per second. The include file 'tdrv010.h' contains predefined transfer rate symbols (TDRV010\_5KBIT ... TDRV010\_1MBIT).

For other transfer rates please follow the instructions of the *SJA1000 Product Specification*, which is also part of the corresponding hardware engineering documentation.

*ThreeSamples*

If this parameter is TRUE (1) the CAN bus is sampled three times per bit time instead of one.

**This function must be executed in BUS OFF state.**

#### Example

```
#include "tdrv010.h"

HANDLE           hDevice;
BOOLEAN          success;
ULONG            NumWritten;
TDRV010_TIMING  TimingBuf;

...
```

```

...
// Change bitrate (channel 1)
//
TimingBuf.channel      = 1;
TimingBuf.TimingValue   = TDRV010_500KBIT;
TimingBuf.ThreeSamples  = FALSE;

success = DeviceIoControl (
    hDevice,                      // TDRV010 handle
    IOCTL_TDRV010_BITTIMING,
    &TimingBuf,                  // contains the input data
    sizeof(TimingBuf),           // size of input buffer
    NULL,
    0,
    &NumWritten,                // unused but required
    NULL                        // no overlapped I/O
);
if( success ) {
    printf( "\nChange Bitrate successfully completed!\n" );
}
else {
    ErrorHandler("Device I/O control error"); // process error
}

```

## Error Codes

**ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER**

This error will be returned if the size of the user buffer is too small.

**ERROR\_FILE\_NOT\_FOUND**

Illegal channel number specified.

**ERROR\_OPEN\_FILES**

The channel must be in BUS OFF state to execute this function.

#### 4.1.3.4 IOCTL\_TDRV010\_SETFILTER

This TDRV010 control function modifies the acceptance filter of the specified channel. The acceptance filter parameters are specified in an application supplied buffer (*TDRV010\_FILTER*). The parameter *lpInBuffer* passes a pointer to the buffer to the device driver. The parameter *lpOutBuffer* is not used.

The acceptance filter compares the received identifier with the acceptance filter and decides whether a message should be accepted or not. If a message passes the acceptance filter it is stored in the receive FIFO.

The acceptance filter is defined by the acceptance code registers and the acceptance mask registers. The bit patterns of messages to be received are defined in the acceptance code register.

The corresponding acceptance mask registers allow defining certain bit positions to be "don't care" (a 1 at a bit position means "don't care").

```
typedef struct
{
    UCHAR      channel;
    BOOLEAN    SingleFilter;
    ULONG      AcceptanceCode;
    ULONG      AcceptanceMask;
} TDRV010_FILTER, *PTDRV010_FILTER;
```

*channel*

This parameter specifies the channel to use. Allowed values are 1 for channel 1 and 2 for channel 2.

*SingleFilter*

Set TRUE (1) for single filter mode, set FALSE (0) for dual filter mode.

*AcceptanceCode*

The contents of this parameter will be written to acceptance code register of the controller

*AcceptanceMask*

The contents of this parameter will be written to the acceptance mask register of the controller.

**A detailed description of the acceptance filter and possible filter modes can be found in the SJA1000 Product Specification Manual.**

**This function must be executed in BUS OFF state.**

## Example

```

#include "tdrv010.h"

HANDLE           hDevice;
BOOLEAN          success;
ULONG            NumWritten;
TDRV010_FILTER   FilterBuf;

// 
// Change acceptamce mask (channel 1)
//
FilterBuf.channel      = 1;
FilterBuf.SingleFilter  = TRUE;
FilterBuf.AcceptanceCode = 0x00000000;
FilterBuf.AcceptanceMask = 0xffffffff;

success = DeviceIoControl (
    hDevice,                      // TDRV010 handle
    IOCTL_TDRV010_SETFILTER,
    &FilterBuf,                  // contains the input data
    sizeof(FilterBuf),           // size of input buffer
    NULL,
    0,
    &NumWritten,                // unused but required
    NULL                        // no overlapped I/O
);

if( success ) {
    printf("\nChange Filter successfully completed!\n");
}
else {
    ErrorHandler("Device I/O control error"); // process error
}

```

## Error Codes

**ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER**  
**ERROR\_FILE\_NOT\_FOUND**  
**ERROR\_OPEN\_FILES**

This error will be returned if the size of the write buffer is too small.  
 Illegal channel number specified.  
 The channel must be in BUS OFF state to execute this function.

#### 4.1.3.5 IOCTL\_TDRV010\_BUSON

This TDRV010 control function sets the channel into BUS ON state. The channel parameter is specified in an application supplied buffer (*TDRV010\_DEFAULTBUF*). The parameter *lpInBuffer* passes a pointer to the buffer to the device driver. The parameter *lpOutBuffer* is not used.

After an abnormal rate of occurrences of errors on the CAN bus or after driver startup, the CAN controller enters the Bus OFF state. This control function resets the "reset mode" bit in the mode register. The CAN controller begins the BUS OFF recovery sequence and resets the transmit and receive error counters. If the CAN controller counts 128 packets of 11 consecutive recessive bits on the CAN bus, the Bus Off state is exited.

```
typedef struct
{
    UCHAR      channel;
} TDRV010_DEFAULTBUF, *PTDRV010_DEFAULTBUF;
```

*channel*

This parameter specifies the channel to use. Allowed values are 1 for channel 1 and 2 for channel 2.

**Before the driver is able to communicate over the CAN bus after driver startup, this control function must be executed.**

#### Example

```
#include "tdrv010.h"

HANDLE          hDevice;
BOOLEAN         success;
ULONG           NumWritten;
TDRV010_DEFAULTBUF defBuf;

// 
// Go Bus on (channel 1)
//
defBuf.channel    = 1;
success = DeviceIoControl (
    hDevice,                      // TDRV010 handle
    IOCTL_TDRV010_BUSON,           // contains the input data
    &defBuf,                     // size of input buffer
    sizeof(defBuf),
    NULL,
    0,
    &NumWritten,                  // unused but required
    NULL                         // no overlapped I/O
);
```

---

```
if( success ) {
    printf("\nChanging to BUS ON completed!\n");
}
else {
    ErrorHandler("Device I/O control error");           // process error
}
```

## Error Codes

ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER

This error will be returned if the size of the write buffer is too small.

ERROR\_FILE\_NOT\_FOUND

Illegal channel number specified.

ERROR\_IO\_DEVICE

Can't go Bus On.

#### 4.1.3.6 IOCTL\_TDRV010\_BUSOFF

This TDRV010 control function sets the channel into BUS OFF state. The channel parameter is specified in an application supplied buffer (*TDRV010\_DEFAULTBUF*). The parameter *lpInBuffer* passes a pointer to the buffer to the device driver. The parameter *lpOutBuffer* is not used.

After execution of this control function the CAN controller is completely removed from the CAN bus and cannot communicate until the control function IOCTL\_TDRV010\_BUSON is executed.

```
typedef struct
{
    UCHAR    channel;
} TDRV010_DEFAULTBUF, *PTDRV010_DEFAULTBUF;
```

*channel*

This parameter specifies the channel to use. Allowed values are 1 for channel 1 and 2 for channel 2.

#### Example

```
#include "tdrv010.h"

HANDLE          hDevice;
BOOLEAN         success;
ULONG           NumWritten;
TDRV010_DEFAULTBUF defBuf;

// 
// Go Bus off (channel 1)
//
defBuf.channel    = 1;

success = DeviceIoControl (
    hDevice,                      // TDRV010 handle
    IOCTL_TDRV010_BUSOFF,
    &defBuf,                      // contains the input data
    sizeof(defBuf),               // size of input buffer
    NULL,
    0,
    &NumWritten,                  // unused but required
    NULL                          // no overlapped I/O
);
```

---

```
if( success ) {
    printf("\nChanging to BUS OFF completed!\n");
}
else {
    ErrorHandler("Device I/O control error");           // process error
}
```

## Error Codes

ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER

This error will be returned if the size of the write buffer is too small.

ERROR\_FILE\_NOT\_FOUND

Illegal channel number specified.

ERROR\_IO\_DEVICE

Can't go Bus Off.

#### 4.1.3.7 IOCTL\_TDRV010\_FLUSH

This TDRV010 control function flushes the receive buffer of the specified channel. The channel parameter is specified in an application supplied buffer (*TDRV010\_DEFAULTBUF*). The parameter *lpInBuffer* passes a pointer to the buffer to the device driver. The parameter *lpOutBuffer* is not used.

```
typedef struct
{
    UCHAR     channel;
} TDRV010_DEFAULTBUF, *PTDRV010_DEFAULTBUF;
```

*channel*

This parameter specifies the channel to use. Allowed values are 1 for channel 1 and 2 for channel 2.

#### Example

```
#include "tdrv010.h"

HANDLE             hDevice;
BOOLEAN            success;
ULONG              NumWritten;
TDRV010_DEFAULTBUF defBuf;

// 
// Flush buffer (channel 1)
//
defBuf.channel      = 1;
success = DeviceIoControl (
    hDevice,                      // TDRV010 handle
    IOCTL_TDRV010_FLUSH,
    &defBuf,                      // contains the input data
    sizeof(defBuf),               // size of input buffer
    NULL,
    0,
    &NumWritten,                  // unused but required
    NULL                          // no overlapped I/O
);

if( success ) {
    printf("\nFlushing receive buffer completed!\n");
}
else {
    ErrorHandler("Device I/O control error");           // process error
}
```

---

## Error Codes

ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER

This error will be returned if the size of the write buffer is too small.

ERROR\_FILE\_NOT\_FOUND

Illegal channel number specified.

#### 4.1.3.8 IOCTL\_TDRV010\_CANSTATUS

This TDRV010 control function returns the actual contents of several CAN controller registers for diagnostic purposes in an application supplied buffer (*TDRV010\_MSG\_BUF*). The parameters *lpInBuffer* and *lpOutBuffer* pass pointers to the buffer to the device driver.

```
typedef struct
{
    UCHAR    channel;
    UCHAR    ArbitrationLostCapture;
    UCHAR    ErrorCodeCapture;
    UCHAR    TxErrorCounter;
    UCHAR    RxErrorCounter;
    UCHAR    ErrorWarningLimit;
    UCHAR    StatusRegister;
    UCHAR    ModeRegister;
    UCHAR    RxMessageCounterMax;
} TDRV010_STATUS, *PTDRV010_STATUS;
```

##### *channel*

This parameter specifies the channel to use. Allowed values are 1 for channel 1 and 2 for channel 2.

##### *ArbitrationLostCapture*

Contents of the arbitration lost capture register. This register contains information about the bit position of losing arbitration.

##### *ErrorCodeCapture*

Contents of the error code capture register. This register contains information about the type and location of errors on the bus.

##### *TxErrorCounter*

Contents of the TX error counter register. This register contains the current value of the transmit error counter.

##### *RxErrorCounter*

Contents of the RX error counter register. This register contains the current value of the receive error counter.

##### *ErrorWarningLimit*

Contents of the error warning limit register.

##### *StatusRegister*

Contents of the status register.

### *ModeRegister*

Contents of the mode register.

### *RxMessageCounterMax*

Contains the peak value of messages in the software receive FIFO. This internal counter value will be reset to 0 after reading.

## Example

```
#include "tdrv010.h"

HANDLE           hDevice;
BOOLEAN          success;
ULONG            NumWritten;
TDRV010_STATUS   statusBuf;

// 
// Read message from FIFO (channel 1)
//
statusBuf.channel = 1;

success = DeviceIoControl (
    hDevice,                      // TDRV010 handle
    IOCTL_TDRV010_CANSTATUS,
    &statusBuf,                  // contains the input data
    sizeof(statusBuf),           // size of message buffer
    &statusBuf,                  // contains the received message
    sizeof(statusBuf),           // size of message buffer
    &NumWritten,                 // unused but required
    NULL                         // no overlapped I/O
);
if( success ) {
    printf("\nRead Status completed!\n");
}
else
{
    ErrorHandler("Device I/O control error");      // process error
}
```

## Error Codes

ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER

This error will be returned if the size of the read/write buffer is too small.

ERROR\_FILE\_NOT\_FOUND

Illegal channel number specified.

#### 4.1.3.9 IOCTL\_TDRV010\_ENABLE\_SELFTEST

This TDRV010 control function enables the self test facility of the SJA1000 CAN controller. The channel parameter is specified in an application supplied buffer (*TDRV010\_DEFAULTBUF*). The parameter *lpInBuffer* passes a pointer to the buffer to the device driver. The parameter *lpOutBuffer* is not used.

In this mode a full node test is possible without any other active node on the bus using the self reception facility. The CAN controller will perform a successful transmission even if there is no acknowledge received.

Also in self test mode the normal functionality is given, that means the CAN controller is able to receive messages from other nodes and can transmit message to other nodes if any connected.

**This function must be executed in BUS OFF state.**

```
typedef struct
{
    UCHAR     channel;
} TDRV010_DEFAULTBUF, *PTDRV010_DEFAULTBUF;
```

*channel*

This parameter specifies the channel to use. Allowed values are 1 for channel 1 and 2 for channel 2.

#### Example

```
#include "tdrv010.h"

HANDLE             hDevice;
BOOLEAN            success;
ULONG              NumWritten;
TDRV010_DEFAULTBUF defBuf;

// 
// Enable Selftest (channel 1)
//
defBuf.channel      = 1;
success = DeviceIoControl (
    hDevice,           // TDRV010 handle
    IOCTL_TDRV010_ENABLE_SELFTEST,
    &defBuf,           // contains the input data
    sizeof(defBuf),    // size of input buffer
    NULL,
    0,
    &NumWritten,        // unused but required
    NULL               // no overlapped I/O
```

---

```
) ;  
if( success ) {  
    printf("\Enable Selftest mode completed!\n");  
}  
else {  
    ErrorHandler("Device I/O control error"); // process error  
}
```

## Error Codes

ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER

This error will be returned if the size of the write buffer is too small.

ERROR\_FILE\_NOT\_FOUND

Illegal channel number specified.

ERROR\_OPEN\_FILES

The channel must be in BUS OFF state to execute this function.

#### 4.1.3.10 IOCTL\_TDRV010\_DISABLE\_SELFTEST

This TDRV010 control function disables the self test facility of the SJA1000 CAN controller. The channel parameter is specified in an application supplied buffer (*TDRV010\_DEFAULTBUF*). The parameter *lpInBuffer* passes a pointer to the buffer to the device driver. The parameter *lpOutBuffer* is not used.

**This function must be executed in BUS OFF state.**

```
typedef struct
{
    UCHAR   channel;
} TDRV010_DEFAULTBUF, *PTDRV010_DEFAULTBUF;
```

*channel*

This parameter specifies the channel to use. Allowed values are 1 for channel 1 and 2 for channel 2.

#### Example

```
#include "tdrv010.h"

HANDLE           hDevice;
BOOLEAN          success;
ULONG            NumWritten;
TDRV010_DEFAULTBUF defBuf;

// 
// Disable Selftest (channel 1)
//
defBuf.channel    = 1;
success = DeviceIoControl (
    hDevice,                  // TDRV010 handle
    IOCTL_TDRV010_DISABLE_SELFTEST,
    &defBuf,                 // contains the input data
    sizeof(defBuf),           // size of input buffer
    NULL,
    0,
    &NumWritten,              // unused but required
    NULL                      // no overlapped I/O
);
```

---

```
if( success ) {
    printf("\Disable Selftest mode completed!\n");
}
else {
    ErrorHandler("Device I/O control error");           // process error
}
```

## Error Codes

ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER

This error will be returned if the size of the write buffer is too small.

ERROR\_FILE\_NOT\_FOUND

Illegal channel number specified.

ERROR\_OPEN\_FILES

The channel must be in BUS OFF state to execute this function.

#### 4.1.3.11 IOCTL\_TDRV010\_ENABLE\_LISTENONLY

This TDRV010 control function enables the listen only facility of the SJA1000 CAN controller. The channel parameter is specified in an application supplied buffer (*TDRV010\_DEFAULTBUF*). The parameter *lpInBuffer* passes a pointer to the buffer to the device driver. The parameter *lpOutBuffer* is not used.

In this mode the CAN controller would give no acknowledge to the CAN-bus, even if a message is received successfully. Message transmission is not possible. All other functions can be used like in normal mode.

This mode can be used for software driver bit rate detection and 'hot-plugging'.

**This function must be executed in BUS OFF state.**

```
typedef struct
{
    UCHAR     channel;
} TDRV010_DEFAULTBUF, *PTDRV010_DEFAULTBUF;
```

*channel*

This parameter specifies the channel to use. Allowed values are 1 for channel 1 and 2 for channel 2.

#### Example

```
#include "tdrv010.h"

HANDLE             hDevice;
BOOLEAN            success;
ULONG              NumWritten;
TDRV010_DEFAULTBUF defBuf;

// 
// Enable Listen only mode (channel 1)
//
defBuf.channel      = 1;
success = DeviceIoControl (
    hDevice,                      // TDRV010 handle
    IOCTL_TDRV010_ENABLE_LISTENONLY,
    &defBuf,                      // contains the input data
    sizeof(defBuf),               // size of input buffer
    NULL,
    0,
    &NumWritten,                  // unused but required
    NULL                          // no overlapped I/O
);
```

```
if( success ) {  
    printf( "\nEnable Listen only completed!\n" );  
}  
else {  
    ErrorHandler("Device I/O control error"); // process error  
}
```

## Error Codes

ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER

This error will be returned if the size of the write buffer is too small.

ERROR\_FILE\_NOT\_FOUND

Illegal channel number specified.

ERROR\_OPEN\_FILES

The channel must be in BUS OFF state to execute this function.

#### 4.1.3.12 IOCTL\_TDRV010\_DISABLE\_LISTENONLY

This TDRV010 control function disables the listen only facility of the SJA1000 CAN controller. The channel parameter is specified in an application supplied buffer (*TDRV010\_DEFAULTBUF*). The parameter *lpInBuffer* passes a pointer to the buffer to the device driver. The parameter *lpOutBuffer* is not used.

**This function must be executed in BUS OFF state.**

```
typedef struct
{
    UCHAR   channel;
} TDRV010_DEFAULTBUF, *PTDRV010_DEFAULTBUF;
```

*channel*

This parameter specifies the channel to use. Allowed values are 1 for channel 1 and 2 for channel 2.

#### Example

```
#include "tdrv010.h"

HANDLE           hDevice;
BOOLEAN          success;
ULONG            NumWritten;
TDRV010_DEFAULTBUF defBuf;

// 
// Disable Listen only mode (channel 1)
//
defBuf.channel    = 1;

success = DeviceIoControl (
    hDevice,                               // TDRV010 handle
    IOCTL_TDRV010_DISABLE_LISTENONLY,
    &defBuf,                                // contains the input data
    sizeof(defBuf),                          // size of input buffer
    NULL,
    0,
    &NumWritten,                            // unused but required
    NULL                                    // no overlapped I/O
);
```

---

```
if( success ) {
    printf("\nDisable Listen only completed!\n");
}
else {
    ErrorHandler("Device I/O control error");           // process error
}
```

## Error Codes

ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER

This error will be returned if the size of the write buffer is too small.

ERROR\_FILE\_NOT\_FOUND

Illegal channel number specified.

ERROR\_OPEN\_FILES

The channel must be in BUS OFF state to execute this function.

#### 4.1.3.13 IOCTL\_TDRV010\_SETLIMIT

This TDRV010 control function sets a new error warning limit in the corresponding CAN controller register of the specified channel. The new limit parameters are specified in an application supplied buffer (*TDRV010\_LIMITBUF*). The parameter *lpInBuffer* passes a pointer to the buffer to the device driver. The parameter *lpOutBuffer* is not used.

```
typedef struct
{
    UCHAR     channel;
    UCHAR     limit;
} TDRV010_LIMITBUF, *PTDRV010_LIMITBUF;
```

*channel*

This parameter specifies the channel to use. Allowed values are 1 for channel 1 and 2 for channel 2.

*limit*

This parameter specifies the new warning limit. Allowed values are between 0 and 255.

**This function must be executed in BUS OFF state.**

#### Example

```
#include "tdrv010.h"

HANDLE             hDevice;
BOOLEAN            success;
ULONG              NumWritten;
TDRV010_LIMITBUF  LimitBuf;

// 
// Set warning limit (channel 1)
//
LimitBuf.channel      = 1;
LimitBuf.limit         = 20;
success = DeviceIoControl (
    hDevice,                      // TDRV010 handle
    IOCTL_TDRV010_SETLIMIT,
    &LimitBuf,                   // contains the input data
    sizeof(LimitBuf),           // size of input buffer
    NULL,
    0,
    &NumWritten,                // unused but required
    NULL                        // no overlapped I/O
);
```

---

```
if( success ) {
    printf("\nChange Warning Limit successfully completed!\n");
}
else {
    ErrorHandler("Device I/O control error");           // process error
}
```

## Error Codes

ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER

This error will be returned if the size of the write buffer is too small.

ERROR\_FILE\_NOT\_FOUND

Illegal channel number specified.

ERROR\_OPEN\_FILES

The channel must be in BUS OFF state to execute this function.

#### 4.1.3.14 IOCTL\_TDRV010\_CAN\_RESET

This TDRV010 control function sets the specified CAN controller in reset or operating mode by controlling the external controller reset pin. The new mode is specified in an application supplied buffer (*TDRV010\_PLDBUF*). The parameter *lpInBuffer* passes a pointer to the buffer to the device driver. The parameter *lpOutBuffer* is not used.

**This function is only supported by TPMC310 modules.**

```
typedef struct
{
    UCHAR    channel;
    UCHAR    bitvalue;
} TDRV010_PLDBUF, *PTDRV010_PLDBUF;
```

*channel*

This parameter specifies the channel to use. Allowed values are 1 for channel 1 and 2 for channel 2.

*bitvalue*

This parameter specifies the new mode. Allowed values are 0 to set the certain controller in reset mode and 1 to set it to operating mode.

#### Example

```
#include "tdrv010.h"

HANDLE          hDevice;
BOOLEAN         success;
ULONG           NumWritten;
TDRV010_PLDBUF PldBuf;

// 
// Set CAN channel 1 to reset mode
//
PldBuf.channel    = 1;
PldBuf.bitvalue   = 0;
success = DeviceIoControl (
    hDevice,                      // TDRV010 handle
    IOCTL_TDRV010_CAN_RESET,
    &PldBuf,                      // contains the input data
    sizeof(PldBuf),               // size of input buffer
    NULL,
    0,
    &NumWritten,                  // unused but required
    NULL                          // no overlapped I/O
);
```

---

```
if( success ) {
    printf("\Setup reset/operating mode completed!\n");
}
else {
    ErrorHandler("Device I/O control error");           // process error
}
```

## Error Codes

ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER

This error will be returned if the size of the write buffer is too small.

ERROR\_FILE\_NOT\_FOUND

Illegal channel number specified.

ERROR\_IO\_DEVICE

Unable to reinitialize the certain CAN controller.

ERROR\_INVALID\_FUNCTION

This function is only supported by TPMC310 modules

#### 4.1.3.15 IOCTL\_TDRV010\_CAN\_SEL

This TDRV010 control function sets the specified CAN controller to silent or operating mode. The new mode is specified in an application supplied buffer (*TDRV010\_PLDBUF*). The parameter *lpInBuffer* passes a pointer to the buffer to the device driver. The parameter *lpOutBuffer* is not used.

**This function is only supported by TPMC310 modules.**

```
typedef struct
{
    UCHAR     channel;
    UCHAR     bitvalue;
} TDRV010_PLDBUF, *PTDRV010_PLDBUF;
```

*channel*

This parameter specifies the channel to use. Allowed values are 1 for channel 1 and 2 for channel 2.

*bitvalue*

This parameter specifies the new mode. Allowed values are 0 to set the certain controller in silent mode and 1 to set it to operating mode.

#### Example

```
#include "tdrv010.h"

HANDLE           hDevice;
BOOLEAN          success;
ULONG            NumWritten;
TDRV010_PLDBUF  PldBuf;

// 
// Set CAN channel 2 to silent mode
//
PldBuf.channel    = 2;
PldBuf.bitvalue   = 0;
success = DeviceIoControl (
    hDevice,                      // TDRV010 handle
    IOCTL_TDRV010_CAN_SEL,
    &PldBuf,                      // contains the input data
    sizeof(PldBuf),               // size of input buffer
    NULL,
    0,
    &NumWritten,                  // unused but required
    NULL                          // no overlapped I/O
);
```

---

```
if( success ) {
    printf("\Setup silent/operating mode completed!\n");
}
else {
    ErrorHandler("Device I/O control error");           // process error
}
```

## Error Codes

ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER

This error will be returned if the size of the write buffer is too small.

ERROR\_FILE\_NOT\_FOUND

Illegal channel number specified.

ERROR\_INVALID\_FUNCTION

This function is only supported by TPMC310 modules

#### 4.1.3.16 IOCTL\_TDRV010\_CAN\_INT

This TDRV010 control function enables or disables the global interrupt of the specified CAN controller. The new mode is specified in an application supplied buffer (*TDRV010\_PLDBUF*). The parameter *lpInBuffer* passes a pointer to the buffer to the device driver. The parameter *lpOutBuffer* is not used.

**This function is only supported by TPMC310 modules.**

```
typedef struct
{
    UCHAR     channel;
    UCHAR     bitvalue;
} TDRV010_PLDBUF, *PTDRV010_PLDBUF;
```

*channel*

This parameter specifies the channel to use. Allowed values are 1 for channel 1 and 2 for channel 2.

*bitvalue*

This parameter specifies the new mode. Allowed values are 0 to disable and 1 to enable all supported interrupts of the certain CAN controller.

#### Example

```
#include "tdrv010.h"

HANDLE           hDevice;
BOOLEAN          success;
ULONG            NumWritten;
TDRV010_PLDBUF  PldBuf;

// 
// Enable all interrupts for CAN channel 1
//
PldBuf.channel    = 1;
PldBuf.bitvalue   = 1;
success = DeviceIoControl (
    hDevice,                      // TDRV010 handle
    IOCTL_TDRV010_CAN_INT,
    &PldBuf,                      // contains the input data
    sizeof(PldBuf),               // size of input buffer
    NULL,
    0,
    &NumWritten,                  // unused but required
    NULL                          // no overlapped I/O
);
```

---

```
if( success ) {
    printf("\Enable/disable interrupts completed!\n");
}
else {
    ErrorHandler("Device I/O control error");           // process error
}
```

## Error Codes

ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER

This error will be returned if the size of the write buffer is too small or the gain parameter is invalid.

ERROR\_FILE\_NOT\_FOUND

Illegal channel number specified.

ERROR\_INVALID\_FUNCTION

This function is only supported by TPMC310 modules