



# **TPMC700-SW-82**

### **Linux Device Driver**

32(16) Digital Output PMC

Version 1.0.x

## **User Manual**

Issue 1.0.1 May 2009



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Linux Device Driver

32(16) Digital Output PMC

Supported Modules: TPMC700

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# **Table of Contents**

1	INTRODUCTION	
2	INSTALLATION	5
	2.1 Build and install the device driver	5
	2.2 Uninstall the device driver	6
	2.3 Install device driver into the running kernel	
	2.4 Remove device driver from the running kernel	
	2.5 Change Major Device Number	7
3	DEVICE INPUT/OUTPUT FUNCTIONS	
	3.1 open()	8
	3.2 close()	10
	3.3 ioctl()	12
	3.3.1 TPMC700_IOC_WRITE	14
	3.3.2 TPMC700_IOC_WDENABLE	15
	3.3.3 TPMC700_IOC_WDDISABLE	16
	3.3.4 TPMC700_IOC_WDRESET	17
4	DIAGNOSTIC	18



# 1 Introduction

The TPMC700-SW-82 Linux device driver allows the operation of the TPMC700 PMC conforming to the Linux I/O system specification. This includes a device-independent basic I/O interface with open(), close() and ioctl() functions.

The TPMC700-SW-82 device driver supports the following features:

- writing a new output value
- enable and disable the output watchdog
- acknowledge watchdog errors

The TPMC700-SW-82 device driver supports the modules listed below:

TPMC700 32/16 Digital Outputs (24V, 0.5A) (PMC)

**High Side Switches** 

In this document all supported modules and devices will be called TPMC700. Specials for a certain devices will be advised.

To get more information about the features and use of TPMC700 devices it is recommended to read the manuals listed below.

TPMC700 User manual

**TPMC700 Engineering Manual** 



# 2 Installation

The directory TPMC700-SW-82 on the distribution media contains the following files:

TPMC700-SW-82-1.0.1.pdf This manual in PDF format

TPMC700-SW-82-SRC.tar.gz GZIP compressed archive with driver source code

Release.txt Release information
ChangeLog.txt Release history

The GZIP compressed archive TPMC700-SW-82-SRC.tar.gz contains the following files and directories:

Directory path 'tpmc700':

tpmc700.c Driver source code tpmc700def.h Driver private include file

tpmc700.h Driver public include file for application program

Makefile Device driver make file

makenode Script to create device nodes on the file system include/tpxxxhwdep.c Low level hardware access functions source file

include/tpxxxhwdep.h Access functions header file include/tpmodule.c Driver independent library

include/tpmodule.h Driver independent library header file include/config.h Driver independent library header file

example/tpmc700exa.c Example application

example/Makefile Example application make file

In order to perform an installation, extract all files of the archive TPMC700-SW-82-SRC.tar.gz to the desired target directory. The command 'tar -xzvf TPMC700-SW-82-SRC.tar.gz' will extract the files into the local directory. Copy the file 'tpmc700.h' into the directory /usr/include.

### 2.1 Build and install the device driver

- Login as root
- · Change to the target directory
- To create and install the driver in the module directory /lib/modules/<version>/misc enter:

#### # make install

 Only after the first build we have to execute depmod to create a new dependency description for loadable kernel modules. This dependency file is later used by modprobe to load the driver module.

#### # depmod -aq



### 2.2 Uninstall the device driver

- · Login as root
- · Change to the target directory
- To remove the driver from the module directory /lib/modules/<version>/misc enter:

#### # make uninstall

· Update kernel module dependency description file

# depmod -aq

## 2.3 Install device driver into the running kernel

 To load the device driver into the running kernel, login as root and execute the following commands:

#### # modprobe tpmc700drv

After the first build or if you are using dynamic major device allocation it's necessary to create
new device nodes on the file system. Please execute the script file *makenode* to do this. If your
kernel has enabled a device file system (devfs or sysfs with udev) then you have to skip running
the *makenode* script. Instead of creating device nodes from the script the driver itself takes
creating and destroying of device nodes in its responsibility.

#### # sh makenode

On success the device driver will create a minor device for each TPMC700 module found. The first TPMC700 module can be accessed with device node /dev/tpmc700\_0, the second with device node /dev/tpmc700\_1 and so on.

The assignment of device nodes to physical TPMC700 modules depends on the search order of the PCI bus driver.



## 2.4 Remove device driver from the running kernel

 To remove the device driver from the running kernel login as root and execute the following command:

#### # modprobe -r tpmc700drv

If your kernel has enabled devfs or sysfs (udev), all /dev/tpmc700\_x nodes will be automatically removed from your file system after this.

Be sure that the driver isn't opened by any application program. If opened you will get the response "tpmc700drv: Device or resource busy" and the driver will still remain in the system until you close all opened files and execute modprobe —r again.

## 2.5 Change Major Device Number

This paragraph is only for Linux kernels without DEVFS installed. The TPMC700 device driver uses dynamic allocation of major device numbers per default. If this isn't suitable for the application it is possible to define a major number for the driver.

To change the major number edit the file tpmc700def.h, change the following symbol to appropriate value and enter make install to create a new driver.

TPMC700\_MAJOR

Valid numbers are in range between 0 and 255. A value of 0 means dynamic number allocation.

#### **Example:**

#define TPMC700 MAJOR 122



# 3 Device Input/Output functions

This chapter describes the interface to the device driver I/O system.

## 3.1 open()

#### NAME

open() - open a file descriptor

#### **SYNOPSIS**

#include <fcntl.h>

int open (const char \*filename, int flags)

#### DESCRIPTION

The open function creates and returns a new file descriptor for the file named by *filename*. The *flags* argument controls how the file is to be opened. This is a bit mask; you create the value by the bitwise OR of the appropriate parameters (using the | operator in C).

See also the GNU C Library documentation for more information about the open function and open flags.

#### **EXAMPLE**

```
int fd;
....

fd = open("/dev/tpmc700_0", O_RDWR);
if (fd < 0)
{
     /* handle open error conditions */
}</pre>
```

#### **RETURNS**

The normal return value from open is a non-negative integer file descriptor. In the case of an error, a value of –1 is returned. The global variable *errno* contains the detailed error code.



#### **ERRORS**

E\_NODEV

The requested minor device does not exist.

This is the only error code returned by the driver, other codes may be returned by the I/O system during open. For more information about open error codes, see the GNU C Library description – Low-Level Input/Output.

#### **SEE ALSO**

GNU C Library description - Low-Level Input/Output



# 3.2 close()

#### **NAME**

close() - close a file descriptor

#### **SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <unistd.h>
int close (int filedes)
```

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The close function closes the file descriptor filedes.

#### **EXAMPLE**

```
int fd;
....
if (close(fd) != 0)
{
    /* handle close error conditions */
}
```

#### **RETURNS**

The normal return value from close is 0. In the case of an error, a value of -1 is returned. The global variable *errno* contains the detailed error code.



#### **ERRORS**

E\_NODEV

The requested minor device does not exist.

This is the only error code returned by the driver, other codes may be returned by the I/O system during close. For more information about close error codes, see the GNU C Library description – Low-Level Input/Output.

#### **SEE ALSO**

GNU C Library description - Low-Level Input/Output



## 3.3 ioctl()

#### **NAME**

ioctl() - device control functions

#### **SYNOPSIS**

#include <sys/ioctl.h> #include <tpmc700.h>

int ioctl(int filedes, int request [, void \*argp])

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The **ioctl** function sends a control code directly to a device, specified by *filedes*, causing the corresponding device to perform the requested operation.

The argument *request* specifies the control code for the operation. The optional argument *argp* depends on the selected request and is described for each request in detail later in this chapter.

The following loctl codes are defined in *tpmc700.h*:

Value	Meaning
TPMC700_IOC_WRITE	Write output value
TPMC700_IOC_WDENABLE	Enable output watchdog
TPMC700_IOC_WDDISABLE	Disable output watchdog
TPMC700_IOC_WDRESET	Reset output watchdog

See behind for more detailed information on each control code.

To use these TPMC700 specific control codes the header file tpmc700.h must be included in the application

#### **RETURNS**

On success, zero is returned. In the case of an error, a value of -1 is returned. The global variable *errno* contains the detailed error code.



#### **ERRORS**

**EINVAL** 

Invalid argument. This error code is returned if the requested loctl function is unknown. Please check the argument *request*.

Other function dependant error codes will be described for each ioctl code separately. Note, the TPMC700 device driver always returns standard Linux error codes.

#### **SEE ALSO**

ioctl man pages



### 3.3.1 TPMC700\_IOC\_WRITE

#### NAME

TPMC700\_IOC\_WRITE - Write output value

#### DESCRIPTION

This ioctl function attempts to write the output port of the TPMC700 associated with the open device handle.

A pointer to the caller's output value (unsigned long) is passed by the parameter argp to the driver. Bit 0 of the unsigned long value corresponds to TPMC700 output line 1, bit 1 corresponds to output line 2 and so on.

#### **EXAMPLE**

```
#include <tpmc700.h>
int
                    fd;
int
                    result;
unsigned long
                    Output Value;
** Write 0x12345678 to the output port.
* /
OutputValue = 0x12345678;
result = ioctl(fd, TPMC700_IOC_WRITE, &OutputValue);
if(result < 0)</pre>
     /* handle error */
}
```

#### **ERRORS**

EIO

**EFAULT** Invalid pointer to the data buffer. Error copying data from user space.

The output register is locked by a watchdog failure. Execute the control

function TPMC700\_IOC\_WDRESET to reset the watchdog error.



### 3.3.2 TPMC700\_IOC\_WDENABLE

#### NAME

TPMC700\_IOC\_WDENABLE - Enable output watchdog

#### **DESCRIPTION**

This ioctl function enables the output watchdog function of the TPMC700 after the next write operation to the device. Please remember if the watchdog is enabled and no write access occurs within 120 ms all outputs will be switched into the OFF state. To unlock the output register and leave the OFF state the device control function TPMC700\_IOC\_WDRESET must be executed.

The optional argument can be omitted for this ioctl function.

#### **EXAMPLE**

```
#include <tpmc700.h>
int fd;
int result;

/*

** Enable output watchdog.

*/
result = ioctl(fd, TPMC700_IOC_WDENABLE);
if(result < 0)
{
         /* handle error */
}</pre>
```



### 3.3.3 TPMC700\_IOC\_WDDISABLE

#### **NAME**

TPMC700\_IOC\_WDDISABLE - Disable output watchdog

#### **DESCRIPTION**

This ioctl function disables the output watchdog function of the TPMC700.

The optional argument can be omitted for this ioctl function.

#### **EXAMPLE**

```
#include <tpmc700.h>
int fd;
int result;

/*

** Disable output watchdog.

*/
result = ioctl(fd, TPMC700_IOC_WDDISABLE);
if(result < 0)
{
         /* handle error */
}</pre>
```



### 3.3.4 TPMC700\_IOC\_WDRESET

#### **NAME**

TPMC700\_IOC\_WDRESET - Reset output watchdog

#### **DESCRIPTION**

This ioctl function resets the output watchdog function of the TPMC700, and enables the outputs again.

The optional argument can be omitted for this ioctl function.

#### **EXAMPLE**

```
#include <tpmc700.h>
int fd;
int result;

/*

** Disable output watchdog.

*/
result = ioctl(fd, TPMC700_IOC_WDRESET);
if(result < 0)
{
         /* handle error */
}</pre>
```



# 4 Diagnostic

If the TPMC700 does not work properly it is helpful to get some status information from the driver respective kernel.

The Linux /proc file system provides information about kernel, resources, drivers, devices and so on. The following screen dumps displays information of a correct running TPMC700 device driver (see also the proc man pages).

```
# cat /proc/pci
PCI devices found:
 Bus 0, device 16, function 0:
   Signal processing controller: PCI device 1498:02bc (TEWS Datentechnik
GmBH) (rev 1).
      IRQ 25.
      Non-prefetchable 32 bit memory at 0xbffbff80 [0xbffbffff].
      I/O at 0xbfef00 [0xbfef7f].
      Non-prefetchable 32 bit memory at 0xbffbff70 [0xbffbff7f].
# cat /proc/devices
Character devices:
  1 mem
  2 pty/m%d
  3 pty/s%d
 4 tts/%d
 5 cua/%d
10 misc
128 ptm
136 pts/%d
162 raw
254 tpmc700drv
# cat /proc/ioports
00000000-00bfffff : PCI host bridge
  00bfef00-00bfef7f : PCI device 1498:02bc (TEWS Datentechnik GmBH)
  00bfefc0-00bfefff : Intel Corp. 82559ER
    00bfefc0-00bfefff : eepro100
  00bff000-00bfffff : Tundra Semiconductor Corp. CA91C042 [Universe]
ffe80000-ffe80007 : serial(auto)
ffe80008-ffe8000f : serial(auto)
```



# cat /proc/iomem

80000000-fffffffff : PCI host bridge 80000000-9ffffffff : Universe VMEbus 80000000-8000ffff : VME Master 0 80010000-8020ffff : VME Master 1

bffbff70-bffbff7f : PCI device 1498:02bc (TEWS Datentechnik GmBH)

bffbff70-bffbff7f : TPMC700

bffbff80-bffbffff : PCI device 1498:02bc (TEWS Datentechnik GmBH)

bffc0000-bffdffff : Intel Corp. 82559ER bfffe000-bfffefff : Intel Corp. 82559ER

bfffe000-bfffefff : eepro100

bffff000-bfffffff : Tundra Semiconductor Corp. CA91C042 [Universe]